

BOMBS AND BULLETS

LEADVILLE A SCENE OF THE GREATEST EXCITEMENT.

Strikers Assault the Defenders of the Coronado Mine and Attempt to Blow Them Up.

THE MINERS STANDING FAST.

FIRE STARTS IN THE OIL TANKS ON THE PROPERTY.

City and County Officials Assisting the Sheriff and Police-Militia Held in Readiness for Action. All Whistles Blowing.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

LEADVILLE (Colo.) Sept. 20.—At 1 o'clock this morning three heavy explosions aroused sleepers in the western part of the city for blocks around the Coronado mine, which is the one that first resumed operations and which was heavily barricaded and well stocked with provisions and arms. The explosions were followed by a fusillade of rifle shots from within the barricade, and rapid but irregular shots from the outside, apparently from a widely-scattered attacking force who were on hand to protect the retreat of the dynamiters. The shooting lasted for ten minutes and all was silent for about five minutes, when desultory firing was renewed and has been kept up ever since.

At this writing another explosion was heard, sounding like dynamite. Ten minutes after the first explosion a telephone message from the Coronado stated that nobody inside the barricade has been injured. Since then it has been impossible to reach the Coronado by telephone. This office is now being watched by several bands of men grouped in dark corners and alleys, and they mean that they propose to prevent any communication with the telegraph office, the watchers not knowing that the leased wire and long-distance telephone remain.

The city is in a panic of fear. City and county officials are out looking after the work of the police and Sheriff. Bullets frequently whistle over this office, and altogether the situation is warlike.

At 1:50 a.m. a bright blaze has broken out at the Coronado, or in the immediate vicinity, and shots are still being exchanged.

The local militia companies have been called out, and are now at their armories getting ready for instant action.

All the whistles in town are blowing.

BEFORE THE BLAST.

LEADVILLE (Colo.) Sept. 20.—The backbone of the strike may now be considered broken, but there may be trouble before normal conditions are established.

The Marian has a good force at work, to which additions are constantly being made, and will begin shipping this week. The Bison will resume tomorrow. These two mines before, and the Coronado is shipping steadily, and thirty other mines, with an average daily output of 900 tons, are working. Aside from those mentioned, the mines which are still closed by the strikers were shipping 800 tons per day when the strike began, three months ago yesterday.

DISCORD IN THE DARK.

LEADVILLE, Sept. 21, 2:10 a.m.—The sights and sounds beggar description. All the whistles in the city are blowing, and two or three steam whistles add discord to the dark night's alarming chorus. The sharp cracks of rifles punctuate the tooting at irregular intervals.

Citizens have gone to the scene with whatever arms they can gather, and a militia company quartered across the street has just marched toward the Coronado under arms. The whistle which calls out all citizens in case of emergency has just sounded, and the streets are full of rushing men, crying women and children.

2:15 a.m. Another heavy explosion has just occurred. Five minutes ago the Coronado telephone bore the message that the defenders were too busy to answer questions.

The watchers about this office have disappeared, sinking away into the alleys as crowds began to gather and the flames from the great fire at Coronado lighted the streets and revealed their evil faces.

2:20 a.m. As soon as the fire broke out, the fire department went to the scene and the flames are now dying down, indicating effective work by the firemen. The shots are now growing less frequent, and it seems probable that something definite from the battlefield may soon be obtained.

SILVER AND WAGES.

LEADVILLE (Colo.) Sept. 21.—The miners' strike, of which tonight's lawlessness is the outcome, began three months ago yesterday, when, at 11 o'clock at night, the men in two or three of the leading mines walked out. The union scale of wages in Leadville was \$3 for everybody; but in 1893, when the price of silver dropped below 60 cents an ounce, an agreement was made that \$2.50 should be accepted for some classes of work until silver should return to \$1 cents. This agreement was unfulfilled, as many of the mines paid large dividends. It was to enforce the original scale of \$3 that the men struck. About three thousand men were involved.

Within the last two weeks several mines have resumed work, and this week the output has been 1200 tons daily against 2000 tons before the strike.

A FIREMAN SHOT.

LEADVILLE, Sept. 21, 2:30 a.m.—It is said that a fireman named O'Keefe, when he started to turn on water at the fire was shot. Shots are still heard at infrequent intervals. An employee of the Herald-Democrat just back from a rather close inspection of the battlefield says he saw the dead body of a

striker on the sidewalk near the mine. He says the most of the shots fired for the last half hour have been from inside the barricade.

THE CORONADO BURNING.

LEADVILLE, Sept. 21.—2:45 a.m. Everything is on fire at the Coronado, and the fire department is now working to save the houses, which are thickly clustered about the fated shaft-house. Women and children are rushing to the spot, looking for relatives, and mingling with those who are being driven from their houses by the flames create a scene the pathos of which is beyond description. The firemen hope to save the houses, and are helped by a heavy rain, which began falling a few minutes ago. When the firemen were to turn on the water they were ordered to desist, which they did from one hydrant, but got others to working.

FIRING AT OTHER MINES.

2:55 a.m. Another heavy explosion has just occurred. Forty or fifty shots have just been heard in the direction of the Emmet and Marion mines, located about a mile and a half from the city. These mines were recently fenced, and work resumed by a small force of men, which was being assaulted every day. It would seem from this that, having finished their work at the Coronado, where the buildings are now a mass of smoking embers, the merciless gang has gone to wipe out the Emmet and Marion.

THREE MEN DEAD.

3 a.m.—The first Herald-Democrat reporter to return from the fire states that Fireman O'Keefe and two unknown men are dead. He cannot tell as yet how many have been wounded, and is not sure that this covers the list of dead.

CALL FOR TROOPS.

DENVER, Sept. 21.—At 2:30 o'clock this morning Sheriff Newman of Leadville and Judge Owens of the District court of Lake county called upon Gov. McIntire for troops to quell the riot at Leadville. The Governor at once issued the call, and before daylight the entire military force of the State will be en route for the scene of the trouble. The troops from this city, two infantry companies and a battery, will reach Leadville by noon.

ANOTHER MAN SHOT.

LEADVILLE, Sept. 21.—3:10 a.m.—It is now reported that John Mahoney, who works at the Big Four, while on his way from the mine, and near the Emmet mine, was shot through the stomach and is believed to be dead. Another man had all his clothing torn from his body, but escaped with his life.

PEPALOU THE LEPER.

HE TELLS A TALE OF WOE AT SAN FRANCISCO.

Says the Los Angeles Authorities Shipped Him North and Gave Him Nothing but a Nickel—He Goes to the Pesthouse.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 20.—(Special Dispatch.) Tired of being driven out of every city he visits, George Pepalou, a leper, surrendered himself to the Receiving Hospital tonight and was placed in a padded cell, and this morning he will be sent to the Pesthouse.

Pepalou, who is 36 years of age, was born in Honolulu, his mother being a native and his father an Italian. He came to this country when a mere child, and went to live with his brother at Houston, Tex. At the age of 16 years he was expelled from his brother's home, and he lived in a barn, but when the brother died, Pepalou was seized and shipped from place to place, landing finally in Los Angeles. There the authorities decided to send him to this city. They paid his fare and saw him off.

Pepalou was subjected to a thorough examination by the doctor at the hospital. It was found that both his legs and feet were affected by the disease. His feet are in such a condition that locomotion is almost impossible. Pepalou is poorly clad, and, according to his own statement, has not had a substantial meal in several days. He claims that when he left Los Angeles, all he was given was a nickel to pay his fare from the ferry to the Receiving Hospital.

THE UNEVEN FELLOWS.

Grand Gathering of the I.O.O.F. at Dallas, Tex., Today.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

DALLAS (Tex.) Sept. 20.—The Sovereign Grand Lodge, I.O.O.F., convenes here tomorrow. The hotel corridors are swarming already with delegates from both sides of the Atlantic Ocean. Grand Sir J. W. Stebbins arrived today. His report and that of Secretary A. B. Rice will be submitted Tuesday or Wednesday.

Of the 500 delegates elected to attend the meeting, nearly 100 have arrived. Wednesday the grand parade will embrace the sovereign lodge and minor lodges from every city in Texas and several in the Indian Territory and North Louisiana. This will bring to Dallas on that day six or seven thousand Odd Fellows, beside visiting sight-seers.

Today has been spent in social intercourse and exchanging views on questions of the day. The delegates are here to lodge for discussion and settlement, chief among which is whether keepers of saloons shall be eligible as members.

CUAUZE WAS CRAZY.

Jealousy Impelled Him to Shoot His Wife and Her Mother.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

DENVER, Sept. 20.—A special to the News from Aspen, Colo., says that Antonio Cuauze, a young Swiss living on a ranch twelve miles from this city, today shot and killed his wife and her mother. Mrs. Quinn, Jealousy was the cause. Cuauze was arrested.

Dishes in Flames.

TRAVELER CITY (Mich.) Sept. 20.—Fire this afternoon occasioned a loss of about \$50,000 to the Oval Wood Dish Company, whose factory is the largest of the kind in the world. Two hundred hands are thrown out of employment temporarily. The whole plant was covered by \$50,000 insurance, a large portion of which was upon the part destroyed.

Shot His Wife.

GREENFIELD (Mo.) Sept. 20.—V. J. Hunter, a laborer, killed his wife this morning by shooting her in the left temple. He claims the shooting was accidental. Hunter is in custody. A family of children are left in destitute circumstances.

DONGOLA IS FALLEN

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN EXPEDITION ACHIEVES A VICTORY.

Dervish Forces Mown Down by the Maxim Guns of Their Enemy Along the River Nile.

EL HAIR EVACUATED AT DARK.

WAD BISHARA IS WOUNDED BY A SHELL BURSTING.

Steamer and Gunboats Land a Force to Occupy the Stronghold Deserted by the Enemy—The Latter Dismayed.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

KERMA-ON-THE-NILE, Sept. 20.—(By Atlantic Cable. Associated Press Copyright, 1896.) Dongola has fallen, and the naval objective point of the British-Egyptian expedition has been reached. The river forces of the British-Egyptian expedition pushing up from El Hafr, landed a force at Dongola and occupied that place before the Dervish forces, retreating from El Hafr, reached that point. El Hafr and Dongola are therefore both in the hands of the expedition, while the Dervish forces are somewhere between, seeking a refuge.

Yesterday afternoon the long-range firing continued between the Dervish forces on the west bank of the Nile and the expeditionary force on this side. The Maxim guns, with their sweeping bank of fire, did great execution in the Dervish ranks, while the field and horse batteries never allowed the enemy to do anything with their battered guns. Across the Nile waters, and stillness fell upon both camps. The night was one of waiting, though the silence of the desert was broken by the occasional discharge from the Maxim guns on this side of the river.

In the morning every one was up at daybreak, anxious to know what change in the situation had developed during the night, and what would be the next move, and eagerly scanning the enemy's camp across the river. There was no sign of life in the Dervish works, but soon a commotion was perceived among the boats along the bank, and a vessel was discerned in the act of waving something, as though for a signal to this side of the river.

The Dervish forces of the expedition, thereupon proceeded to the west bank, where it was found that El Hafr had been evacuated by the enemy under cover of the night. The Dervish fighting man was left in sight. The detachment on the left sent back to the camp on this side of the river twenty-seven boats, which were manned by the native residents of El Hafr, and loaded with a great quantity of grain.

The natives announced that the enemy had departed and that Wad Bishara, the young Emir of Dongola, who commanded the Dervish forces, was wounded in yesterday's fight. A shell from an Egyptian battery burst in his tent, inflicting wounds in his breast and head, the former being a severe hurt.

After the gunboats of the expedition had forced their way through past the fort, El Hafr was evacuated, and proceeded toward Dongola. The Dervish forces apparently perceived that El Hafr was no longer the place for them, and they prepared to retreat. They buried as many of their dead as they had time for. The rest were prepared to make a stone around their necks and throw into the Nile.

This afternoon the news arrived here that the steamers and gunboats of the expedition had landed a force which immediately occupied the treasury and the grand store, the principal strongholds of the town. This was a great victory, as it is supposed that the enemy is now marching between here and Dongola in great confusion. The expedition by reason of the number of their wounded and their retreat along the river bank threatened by the Dervish forces, and the fact that the food supply stored at Dongola, if they cannot hold a place against the Dervish forces, will be lost until the forces of the expedition have advanced to cooperate with them.

Yesterday's engagement at El Hafr seems to have altogether dismayed the Dervish forces, who placed great reliance upon the fort at that place. The arrival of the first from the river seems to have entirely disconcerted them, their batteries being destroyed, and the smoke from the Dervish guns, which was a target for the British and Egyptian gunners. As soon as the news of the evacuation of El Hafr was received, the correspondent of the Associated Press proceeded to cross the river and make a survey of the enemy's position. The Dervish forces had mud defenses had been built with great care, but the rifle trenches only permitted the men a very short and straight front. The Dervish forces were still strewn along, and within the trenches and in the straw shelters were the remains of the Dervish forces, which had been killed or thrown into the river.

Further south on the river bank was found their biggest battery. This contained five embrasures for guns, three in front and two at the side. The battery had been terribly knocked about by the artillery fire from the east bank and from the steamers.

Still further a big entrenchment, facing toward the north and into the Nile. There was noticed the same system of placing the wall in such a way as to allow firing only one direction. In this entrenchment it was apparent that the riflemen had made a plucky resistance, staying in the trenches all day and eating where they lay, as was evidenced by the quantity of dates and water gourds lying about.

The native residents of El Hafr have welcomed the appearance of the expedition, and are ready to receive them as assurance of a deliverance from the rule of the Khalifa and the Baggaras, the Khalifa's native tribe, who have exercised a cruel domination over the Nile tribes. From the description of yesterday's fight, furnished by the natives, it appeared that the Dervish forces kept out in the desert watching the fight and waiting for opposing forces to take part.

Bishara, the Dervish commander, was wounded at about noon and was immediately carried out of range of the fire, repeatedly exclaiming "Allah is against me."

Wad Bishara decided to evacuate during the night. He was able to remove his guns, but he was forced to leave behind him a great quantity of ammunition. The Dervish steamer which was sunk by the expedition's horse battery was said to have also been loaded with ammunition and guns.

This morning, at 6:30 o'clock, the troops of the expedition began crossing the river. McDonald's brigade was the first over and the soldiers were met with the wildest signs of delight by the natives. They shouted in a frenzied manner and danced about the troops, singing and shouting like lunatics.

The first use made of the captured

Dervish boats was to transport the second brigade to El Hafr, which is a very fertile spot, offering plenty of green herbage for the animals—a pleasing contrast to the rough rocks and desert sands of much of the march.

It is hoped that today the whole of the expeditionary force will effect a crossing of the Nile, so as to camp at El Hafr tonight and continue the march to Dongola tomorrow. Owing to the lack of a supply of telegraph cable to lay in the Nile, the terminus of the field telegraph still remains at Kerma, on the east bank.

The forces of the expedition, up to last evening were only five wounded, despite the enemy's hot fire. The field horse battery and the Maxim guns handled the Dervish forces with an especially warm career. During the engagement the men lunched behind any shelter that could be devised. The Maxim guns were manned by the Connaught Rangers, and the Tenth Battalion was ranged along the bank of the river. The Dervish forces, however, were not deterred by the success of the expedition. It is the general impression here that the Dervish will not make any further stand. It is evident that Bishara has all his effective force from Dongola, intending to make a stand at El Hafr. Even if he is able to recover Dongola, from the point of view of the expedition, which has occupied it, it is not considered possible that he should make a stand with a view to recovering the combined land and river forces.

One of the most striking things noted during the fight was the long range of the enemy's Remington rifles. At a distance of 200 yards they are able to do a deal of damage, and some of their bullets struck at least 2000 yards.

WAD MISSED HIS GUESSES. LONDON, Sept. 20.—The Times correspondent at Kerma telegraphs to that paper: "Wad Bishara was rising up supposing that it would be his lot to march to Dongola by this bank of the Nile. He therefore evacuated El Hafr, and hurried in the direction of Dongola to oppose our crossing."

TWO GOOD EFFECTS.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—An editorial in the Times with reference to the taking of Dongola, says: "We may reasonably hope that the work of liberation will be speedily carried further south."

A dispatch from Kerma to the Chronicle says that the treasure chest belonging to the Mahdist leaders was on board a steamer which was sunk in the Nile.

WAD WILL TRY TO DO ABOUT IT.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The correspondent of the Daily News from the Nile expedition, in a dispatch from El Hafr, says: "The Dervish forces are in a hot fight for Dongola, though I learn there is great dissension among the leaders, and the disabling of Wad Bishara makes the situation very serious. A Kerma dispatch to the Standard praises the clever tactics of Wad Bishara, who has been able to keep his forces well led, and they retain much of their old spirit."

THEY FEEL IT COMING.

SUGAR REFINERS ARE SURE OF A REPUBLICAN SUCCESS.

Interesting Talk with Secretary Childs of the Kilby Manufacturing Company, who is in charge of the Order for Machinery for Alamosa-California Will Thrive.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.)

SPRINGFIELD (O.) Sept. 20.—(Special Dispatch.) A Cleveland, O., special today is as follows: "McKinley is the advance agent of prosperity," remarked E. D. Childs, secretary of the Kilby Manufacturing Company yesterday. The expression was, of course, not an original one, and Mr. Childs did not intend it to be, but coming as it did in conclusion to his statement that the firm had just closed a contract with a sugar refining company for over \$200,000 worth of machinery, it was particularly "pat" as indicating the sound money sentiment even in far-off California.

The firm has closed a contract with the Alamosa Sugar Company of Alamosa, Cal., which is not far removed from Los Angeles, to equip its plant with sugar-refining machinery, complete. It will make its sugar from beets, and begin operations on next season's crop, which will be about July. The Kilby Company has already commenced work on its goods. It now employs 100 men, and may increase its force to get the order out on time.

"We began the manufacture of sugar-refining machinery before Cleveland was elected," said Childs. "There was a number of plants in the west, and the election of a Democratic President and the inauguration of free trade forced them to shut down. They believe McKinley's election is assured, and confidence is again restored. They are again preparing to resume operations. A Republican President and a protective tariff mean the springing up of sugar refineries all over the southern section of California. It is the advance agent of prosperity."

AN IMPOSING SPECTACLE.

Burning of a Sugar Refinery at Moncton, N. B.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

ST. JOHN'S (N. B.) Sept. 20.—A special to the Sun from Moncton says fire broke out in the char house of the Moncton refinery, and the loss will exceed that figure. About 150 men were employed. The cause of the fire is unknown.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Wheat Dearer Because of American Advances and Damp Weather.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

LONDON, Sept. 20.—(By Atlantic Cable.) In North Britain some crops are still exposed to the weather, which is unfavorable. Otherwise the season and warmth have proved beneficial. Wheat is from 9d to 1s dearer, owing to American advances, light offers, and damp weather conditions prevalent along the regions of the Russian and Danube shippers are reserved. California, prompt, was quoted 28 1/2d, parcels firm. Hard Durum, 30 1/2d, parcels firm. 36 1/2d, Flour is firm and inactive. Maize is firm and quiet. Mixed American December-January is quoted at 14s. Particulars for September 13d. Barley, dull; oats, firmer; American clipped Oats brings 13s 3d.

KILLED THE SKULKER

ALBERT J. FOSS PUTS AN END TO MANUEL BELLINA.

An After-dark Tragedy on a Ranch in the San Luis Valley North of San Diego.

THE DEAD MAN'S QUEER ACTION

REFUSED TO ANSWER WHEN CALLED UPON TO DO SO.

An Oakland Young Woman Responsible for a Capture—Bishop Mora Bidding His Flock Goodby. Meeting of Episcopals.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 20.—News has just been received that Manuel Bellina, a rancher of San Luis Rey Valley, forty miles north of here, was shot and instantly killed last night by Albert J. Foss.

The latter resides on his mother's ranch. His story is that hearing the dogs barking and his cattle making a disturbance, he secured his shotgun and went out to see what was the matter. He saw a man skulking among the trees near Mrs. Foss's residence. Young Foss hailed the intruder several times, and getting no answer, fired a load of buckshot. The man, who proved to be Bellina, dropped dead.

As a result of the inquest Foss is under arrest. His aged mother, it seems, was brutally assaulted by an Indian named Joe Chavez, two years ago, and Chavez was sentenced to forty years. Foss says that it was because he recalled that affair that he used his gun so promptly.

AN EPISCOPALIAN GATHERING.

Bishops to Meet and Exchange Ideas at San Francisco.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 20.—Following a custom of long standing in Europe, there will be an informal gathering of Episcopal bishops in this city next week.

In this instance it is more of a friendly gathering and interchange of ideas beneficial to the church than an official conference or convocation. The idea of the proposed meeting originated with the Rev. Charles C. Smith, bishop of California, who had in view the benefits to be derived from bringing the bishops of the various Western States together, and their subsequent working in harmony. The clergy who will attend the conference include the bishop of Utah, Nevada and Western Colorado, the bishop of New Mexico and Arizona; the bishop of Washington, the bishop of Southern California and Bishop Nichols. Their meeting will be held in Grace Church, which is convenient to the local diocesan house. During their stay on this Coast they will be shown the workings of the church divinity school at San Mateo.

An effort will probably be made to interest them in it to the end that candidates for the ministry from their respective States may find in it an institution which would obviate the necessity of traveling to the far East to attend the theological schools.

DR. ADAMS PREACHES.

The First Congregational Church is Open Once More.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 20.—For the first time since the scandalous troubles of Charles O. Brown caused the closing of its doors, the First Congregational Church was open for public services this morning. A large congregation greeted the Rev. Dr. George Adams of St. Louis, who has been called as pastor of the church, the possibility of becoming permanent pastor.

Flowers and wreaths of smilax decked the pulpit, and there were other signs of peace and good will. Leaders of factions in the church's recent troubles were present, and, besides a number of strangers, drawn from curiosity, or left over from the days of the Brown-Owman sensation.

It was evident, both during the service and after, when half the congregation crowded toward the altar, that Dr. Adams had made an excellent impression.

HER BRIGHT EYES.

Miss Eva C. Shorey Responsible for Two Burglars' Arrest.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

OAKLAND, Sept. 20.—Miss Eva C. Shorey, daughter of a detective of this city, was responsible for the capture this afternoon of two burglars. While dining at home, Miss Shorey noticed two men acting suspiciously about the home of John T. Agard, directly opposite the detective's dwelling. She called her father's attention to them, and they were taken into custody with Dr. C. T. Rodolph, a neighbor.

After a desperate struggle the men were arrested in the rear of the house of the City Prison. Upon being searched, a large quantity of jewelry, pistols, besides a jimmy and other tools, were found. They were subsequently identified by F. R. Chadwick, who reported that during his temporary absence a front window opening upon a porch had been forced and the house ransacked. The men gave the names, respectively, of Charles Featherstone and Joseph McCullough.

A FAREWELL RECEPTION.

Bishop Mora Bidding Members of His Diocese Good-by.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SANTA CRUZ, Sept. 20.—This afternoon a farewell reception was given to the Catholic paragon to Bishop Mora, who was for forty years bishop of the diocese of Los Angeles and Monterey. An address was read by J. H. Leonard on behalf of the Catholics of Santa Cruz, to which the bishop responded. Short addresses were also made by others.

A few days ago the bishop bade good-by to Gilroy, to the priests of the northern part of his diocese. He leaves for San Francisco Tuesday, and from there will go to Los Angeles, and thereafter leave for Spain, his native home.

German Catholics.

DETROIT (Mich.) Sept. 20.—Delegates to the convention of the German Catholic National Association, which begins sessions in this city tomorrow, were formally welcomed to Detroit tonight by Bishop Foley of the Detroit diocese. Upward of one thousand delegates to the four conventions are now in the city, and it is estimated that considerably more than that number of visitors, besides the delegates, have now arrived.

THE POSTOFFICES.

Report of Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Maxwell.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—R. A. Maxwell, Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General, has made his annual report to the Postmaster-General for the year ending June 30, 1896. The principal divisions of the department under his care are appointments and inspectors. The report shows that the total number of postoffices in operation in the United States is 15,725. There are 1,725 fourth-class offices and 2,855 postoffices, being an increase over the last fiscal year of 296. During the year 2046 postoffices were established and 179 discontinued. The total number of appointments for the year was 12,090, and the total number of cases acted upon 15,532.

Mr. Maxwell commends the work of the postoffice inspectors. The report shows that the total number of complaints of all classes received during the past year aggregated 103,037, and the number of cases disposed of amounted to 100,506. Only twenty-four complaints were received of carelessness in the handling of registered mail. The number of cases of postal offenses, owing to the killing and robbing of many desperadoes engaged in the business. During the year there were 2074 arrests, of which number 158 were postmasters.

During the year there were 16,563 complaints treated affecting foreign mail matters. Of these 8700 related to registered mail matter and 5774 to ordinary matter.

(SPORTING RECORD.)

A ONE-HOUR RACE.

HAMILTON WILL GO AGAINST THE WELSHMAN.

Cincinnati Reds Take the Louisville into Camp—St. Louis Beats Chicago in the Ninth Inning—A Swim Across the Golden Gate.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

ROCHESTER (N. Y.) Sept. 21.—On behalf of W. W. Hamilton of Denver, W. B. Brock, the highest bidder of the American Sheep Breeder's Chicago, has forwarded a challenge to Tom Eck, the manager of Johnny Michaels, the phenomenal Welsh bicyclist, offering to make a match race for one hour, the contest to be decided in Chicago or Denver.

Michael's great performance at Manhattan Beach last Friday, when he beat two American records for most of the miles in the one-hour contest, will cause great interest to be taken in this race. Each man will be allowed as many paces as he desires, and Hamilton will be able to call for the services of some of the best quad and triplet teams in the country.

EASTERN BASEBALL.

The Reds Take the Louisville in with Ease.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CINCINNATI, Sept. 20.—Although they made twice as many hits and only half as many errors, the Louisville could not win. The Colonels bunched their hits in the first inning, the rest were scattered. Burke's triple and Miller's double, each of which fell with two men on bases, scored the runs that won. Score: Cincinnati, 4; hits, 5; errors, 2. Louisville, 3; hits, 10; errors, 1. Batteries—Rhines and Vaughn; Hill and Dexter.

ST. LOUIS-CHICAGO.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 20.—The Colts held the Browns down to one run up to the ninth inning, when McFarland came to the bat with one man on bases and drove the ball over the right-field fence and won the game. Score: St. Louis, 3; hits, 9; errors, 2. Chicago, 2; hits, 9; errors, 3. Batteries—Hart and McFarland; Griffith and Donohue.

SWAM THE GOLDEN GATE.

CIRCULATION.

Sworn Weekly Statement of the Circulation of the Los Angeles Times.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES.

I, J. C. OLIVER, President and general manager of the Times-Mirror Company, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct statement of the circulation of the Los Angeles Times for the week ending September 19, 1934:

Total for the week, 119,230
Daily average for the week, 17,033
(Signed) J. C. OLIVER, President and general manager of the Times-Mirror Company.

NOTE:—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 119,230 copies, issued by us during the seven days of the past week, if apportioned on the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week-day of 19,871 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past six years.

Advertises have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

Los Angeles, California.

One cent a word for each insertion.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A NEW YORK LADY OF GREAT EXPERIENCE in traveling by automobile, with a young man on a trip to Europe this autumn; highest references given and received. Address: N. 10th St., 11th St. and 12th St. corner.

WANTED—UNFURNISHED COTTAGE OR flat of 4 or 5 rooms by permanent couple. Address: N. 10th St., 11th St. and 12th St. corner.

TEACHERS PREPARED FOR COUNTY EXAMINATIONS: full term begins Sept. 21. BOYNTON NORMAL, 525 Stinson Block.

WILLIAMS' 120-ACRE PASTURE HAS 100 head of cattle, 50 head of horses, before pasturing elsewhere. 828 S. MAIN.

BUY, SELL, TYPEWRITERS—GOOD MACHINES, new and used. E. C. CRIBB & CO., 1274 W. Second St.

CASH PAID FOR GENTS' CAST-OFF clothing. PAISNER, 1114 Commercial St.

WALL-PAPER, R. A. ROOM, 12 FEET square. WALKER, 218 S. 8th St.

IRON WORKS—RAKER IRON WORKS, 950 to 966 BUNDA VISTA ST.

A. E. DAVIS—CANDIDATE FOR SUPERVISOR, Fourth District.

Wanted—Help, Male.

HUMMEL BROS. EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

California Bank Building.

A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.

300-302 W. Second St., in basement. Telephone 509.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

WANTED—DESIGNER, PORTER, SALESMAN, typographer, baker, man and wife, stiller, lithographer, clerk, driver, farmer, grocer, teacher, carpenter, woodworker, butcher, miller, grocer, NITTINGER'S, 315 S. Broadway.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS FRUIT RANCHER to take charge of and run my fruit ranch on shares; none but a man of considerable experience and some money need apply. Call on J. L. LANTERMAN, La Bodega, Cal. 22.

WANTED—IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF HELP to be sure and see us; we can supply you promptly. If you are in need of help, call on Sunday's Times and call at our agency. HUMMEL BROS. & CO., 300-302 W. Second St.

WANTED—A RELIABLE MAN TO TAKE charge and work on a good ranch and purchase a small interest; good wages and good investment. Address: OWNER, N. 10th St., Times Office.

WANTED—LIVE MEN WITH SMALL CAPITAL to handle oil for the prevention of dust. For particulars apply to THE DUSTINE CO., 35 Second St., San Francisco, Cal. 22.

WANTED—A GOOD RELIABLE ACTIVE man to act as coachman and gardener; none but first-class man need apply. Call at 304 W. First St.

Wanted—Help, Female.

WANTED—FOREWOMAN, APPRENTICE, operator, typographer, clerk, driver, farmer, grocer, teacher, carpenter, woodworker, butcher, miller, grocer, NITTINGER'S, 315 S. Broadway.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. 211 N. BEAUFORT AVE.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE TO LEARN dressmaking. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Help, Male and Female.

WANTED—PARTIES TO RUN a first-class boarding-house. La Bodega, Cal. J. L. LANTERMAN.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A PROFESSIONAL GARDENER (German) who understands gardening in all its branches; willing to accept of small wages; first-class references. WILLIAM DALLING, STEDT, General Delivery P.O. 23.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Female.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

Wanted—Situations, Male.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board, while attending school. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND GENERAL housework. Address: 121 S. OLIVE ST.

The Times-Mirror Company

The Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday and Weekly

H. G. OTIS, President and General Manager.
L. E. MORSE, Vice-President. MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER, Secretary.
ALBERT MCARDLAND, Treasurer.

Office: Times Building, First and Broadway.
Counting Room, first floor (telephone 23). Subscription department in front basement (telephone 27). Editorial Room, second floor (telephone 674).
PRINCIPAL EASTERN AGENT: E. KATE, 230 TEMPLE COURT BUILDING, NEW YORK.

The Los Angeles Times

FOUNDED DECEMBER 4, 1881.

VOLUME XXXI. FIFTEENTH YEAR
FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 20,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES
DAILY, 75 cents a month; \$9.00 a year; DAILY without SUNDAY, 65 cents a month, \$7.50 a year; SUNDAY, by mail, \$2.00; WEEKLY, \$1.50.

Sworn Net Average Daily Circulation for 12 Mos. of 1895—15,111

Sworn Net Average Daily Circulation for 8 Mos. of 1896—18,179

An increase of more than 20 per cent. Double the circulation of any other Los Angeles daily.
Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.
BURBANK—The New Private Secretary.

PATRIOTISM.
PROTECTION.
PROGRESS.
PROSPERITY.

Our Standard-Bearers.

For President—WILLIAM MCKINLEY.
Vice-President—GARRET A. HOBART.

REWARD.
Ten dollars reward will be paid for the arrest and conviction of persons caught stealing The Times from the premises of subscribers.
THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

THE TIMES will be sent, post-paid, daily by mail, to any address from date to November 7, for \$1.00, cash in advance; and with every such subscription we will send free either the "Life and Speeches of William McKinley," by Byron Andrews, an illustrated work of nearly 400 pages, or a beautiful 10x14-inch colored lithograph portrait of Abraham Lincoln.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Do not depend upon the return of rejected manuscripts, but retain copies if you wish to preserve your contributions. Articles should be typewritten and MS. sent flat. Practice brevity and write plainly.

PHYSICIAN, HEAL THYSELF.

Much is said in Popocratic newspapers about the references that are made regarding candidate Bryan and his speeches by journals of opposing political faith. They take the ground that merely because Mr. Bryan is a candidate for a great office he should be treated as a great man. All of which is nonsensical and silly.

If Mr. Bryan chooses to play the demagogue and to make speeches that would be undignified in a man running for the office of township constable, he must expect to be criticised and called "Windy Willie" and "Loquacity Bill." Mr. Bryan is being taken by the Republican newspapers at his own estimate of himself, for that he is appealing to the baser passions of men and playing the political mountebank with a high hand, is perfectly plain to any man who understands the English language. Whenever Mr. Bryan forsakes the foolish and incendiary course he is pursuing in his course of "swingin' round the circle" and approaches the questions of the day in a statesmanlike and dignified manner, befitting a man who is running for the Presidency, then the Republican newspapers will treat him with becoming attention. So long as he poses as a political charlatan, just so long will he be treated as he is being treated and as he deserves to be.

THE MEXICAN PUZZLE.

An Eastern newspaper published some time ago a statement which has since come to be known as "The Mexican Puzzle." The statement was, in effect, as follows:
"A Mexican farmer owing \$500 raises one thousand bushels of wheat which he sells for one thousand Mexican dollars, pays his debt and has \$500 left. An American farmer owing \$500 raises one thousand bushels of wheat which he sells for five hundred American dollars, pays his debt and has nothing left."

It has been maintained by several pro-silver newspapers that the argument contained in this statement is unanswerable. It is nothing of the kind. It is only another of those tripping, catch-penny, plausible statements so commonly advanced by free-silver men, and which they proclaim in the hope that it may catch here and there an ignorant voter.

The explanation, however, of this very "profound" free-silver problem is as easy as to say that 2 and 2 do not make 6. It lies in the simple fact that the Mexican farmer's debt is 500 Mexican silver dollars, equal to \$250 of American money, while the American farmer's debt is \$500 of American money, equal to \$1000 in Mexican silver money. It is therefore readily seen that if the Mexican farmer had to pay his debt in coin of full value the same as the American does, it would take all of his wheat to do it.

Therein lies the solution of this "unanswerable" Mexican puzzle. It is only another free-silver bubble "busted."

Here is a political conundrum: As Mr. Bryan is not a Populist, at least he does not claim to be one, and as the Democrats say he is not a Democrat, the question is, what is he?

A GUESSING MATCH.

The Times has provided a timely opportunity for the large tribe of guessers—Yankee guessers and all other sorts—to play their trade, and to play it with profit to themselves. The following blank coupon explains the device. The details of the plan, with all other necessary information, will be found in the displayed announcement on another page of today's Times:

GUESSING COUPON.

(Fill out the coupons (five in a lot) and mail them to the Los Angeles Times Prize Department. Guess on one or all.)

1. The popular plurality of President of the United States will be.....
2. The electoral majority of President of the United States will be.....
3. The popular plurality of California will be.....
4. The majority for..... for the Sixth California District will be.....
5. The aggregate vote in favor of the 6th or Woman's Suffrage Amendment to the Constitution of California will be.....

Name.....
Address.....
(Sign your name plainly, or you will be the loser.)
Particular Notice.—On No. 5 (the electoral majority) but one guess will be allowed to any one person.

The prizes to be won in this guessing contest are handsome, useful and valuable. They consist of a superb piano, a lady's gold watch, a city lot, a first-class bicycle, and a first-class sewing machine.

Look at the plan and let your political guesser work overtime from now to November 2 at 12 o'clock noon.

THE THREE L'S.

If there is any one thing which the Republican party have good cause to be proud in their candidate, it is the absence of language, and appeals to prejudice in his speeches. He is the good-feeling man who thinks well of his fellow-men, and is anxious for them to have a like good opinion of him. Day after day he is waited upon by delegations from different States, men of different avocations and of manifold activities. His speeches to these visitors are free from coarse, invective or angry utterance of any sort. In fine, he is, on all occasions, McKinley, the sound American man, appealing to nothing but their love of country and their affection for America's long-cherished institutions.

A little over a year ago Maj. McKinley was invited to address the Illinois Federation of Labor at Chicago. It was on Independence Day, and the occasion which afforded the widest scope for spread-eagle oratory, but the great Ohio man did not stoop to fire-brill rhetoric. He preferred to dwell upon the innate patriotism of the American people, who, by elevating the dignity of human labor, have "given the crowning grace and glory to modern civilization." From start to finish his speech evinced nothing but the most refined and symmetrical of his race, but he reached his greatest climax when he said:

"We are a nation of working people. What a mighty nation has been erected upon the immortal principles of the great declaration, the signing of which we celebrate today!... Liberty, labor and love have accomplished it."

His is not the highly-wrought metaphor nor the far-fetched simile that brings men to their feet with a hysterical burst of applause, and then leaves their minds a blank as to his utterances within the next hour. It is the deep thought, the clever research and the sound reasoning that abides and endures in the mind of the earnest listener. The logic of the inspired advocate has faded from the platform. In another part of the same speech, he said: "The model citizen is he who withholds from none of his fellow-men the respect, privileges and protection he claims for himself. He who has the best heart, the best character, the greatest charity and sympathy for all. This, said he, 'is the citizenship that is the hope of mankind.'"

The Republican party may well be proud of its manly, earnest and conservative leader, the man who scorns to meet practice battle with whose utterances mount above the sordid lines of partisan bias. A little later on, in the same speech, he said:

"Peace, order and good will among the people, with patriotism in their hearts; truth, honor and justice in the executive, judicial and legislative branches of the government, municipal, State and national; all yielding respect and obedience to the law, and the law and all alike amenable to law."

But the happiest thought of all was that in which he so felicitously alliterated the foundations of a free country—"Labor, liberty and love."

The first is the basis of the inventions of Fulton, Whitney, McCormick and other great souls that toil for the good of their race and ever seek to alleviate the burden of drudgery to which all men are born. The second finds its exemplification in the speeches of Patrick Henry, Richard Webster, Henry Clay and last, but not least, Abraham Lincoln, who declared this to be a nation "conceived in liberty, born in freedom and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal." The last is best defined in the farewell address of Washington, "the man whom God made children to the nation might call him father." Follow his great and merciful teachings and no nation like ours can lose its liberties.

These three L's are good enough for any people. In that man's single voice was echoed the heart-throbs of seventy millions, as he spoke to the bravest of the country, the bravest of the manly utterances of this gallant soldier and most superb citizen with the discourses of the walking firebrand who goes about the country appealing to the coarsest prejudices in vicious natures and trying to make the ignorant believe that every railroad president is a land pirate, and every banker a thief. We do not desire to make under any banner as Bryan's. The three L's are good enough for us, and by the sign we shall conquer when the wild birds, flying southward, with their mighty but weary pinions shall fan the frosty November air.

It was a happy thought of the State Central Committee to send Hon. Raulo Pacheco to Santa Barbara (his

birthplace, by the way) to speak for recent events. He said, over a month ago, that Seawall would not carry his own State or come within 25,000 votes of it, and here comes Maine with 48,000 to emphasize Mr. Watson's prediction. Never mind about where Tom is "at." Mr. Seawall would be doing pretty well if he knew where he was "at" himself.

Mr. Bryan may not have meant anything in particular by not going to Tom Watson's town to make one of his speeches, but doubtless Tom would have felt happier had his half-running mate done Georgia duty in general, and Mr. Watson's town that distinguished honor in particular. As it is, the great Popocratic cat-fight will doubtless go on with renewed vigor.

The Visalia Delta complains that Dr. Castle, the Populist would-be Congressman, is a calamity howler, and can speak of nothing but ruin ahead. In what way does the doctor differ from any others of his party, from Bryan down to the Populist candidate for Constable? Has any one of them a good word to say for the country?

The worst feature of the Chicago platform is its declaration in favor of State sovereignty, a doctrine that the better men of both parties had hoped to have been forever settled by a civil war that called over four millions of men into the ranks of the Union. No war Democrat who voted for Lincoln in 1864 can afford to vote for Bryan now.

The freezing period has already commenced in the land of chilblains and blue noses "back East." The mercury is sliding down the tube all along shore, and the Arctic overtones out of the attic and getting ready for its annual fight with old Jack Frost. Out this way it is so different.

England has been the strong defender of Turkey for nearly fifty years, not so much through friendship of the Porte as through animosity to the Russian bear. Now it begins to look as though that friendship had reached a terminal condition on account of the Armenian troubles within Constantinople and Armenia.

The Supreme Court has upheld the application of the death penalty for train-robbing in Arizona. The knights of the iron highway will be interested readers of this decision, and may be depended upon to give the sun-kissed Territory a wide berth.

Bryan's jawbone, says the New York Commercial Advertiser, is working as vigorously as the one handled by Samson, but it does not seem to be hurting any one but himself.

The recent reception given Senator Woodcock in Colorado gives evidence that that State will not go unanimously for free silver, after all. Coloradans are not all crazy.

They put John Boyd Thacher on at Buffalo, but the voters of New York will put him off in November.

Mr. Bryan was wise in getting out of Nebraska before Tom Watson hove into sight.

Judging by the result in Maine, Mr. Seawall's "infoence" is light weight.

AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

Attractions tonight. The Orpheum calls its bill for the week beginning tonight "a whirlpool of merriment and song," and here is the list:
The Vesper Quartette, composed of Blanche Chasman, Cora Macy, Joseph Intropoli and James A. Sturges. In a great comedy and musical sketch; Terry and Elmer, eccentric comedy and novelty dancers; Richard Pitro, the incomparable mimic and character decorator; Abini, the king of cards, in feats of magic and occultism; Nellie McGuire, the coster girl, in a series of dances and character songs, with an entire change of feature; the popular DeGreys, in songs and dances; and Favor and Sinclair in another side-splitting sketch.

Grover's comedians will appear at the Burbank Theater tonight in "The New Private Secretary." This is a famous comedy that the Grovers have played over a thousand times at the Madison Square Theater, New York, and throughout the Union, under A. M. Palmer's management. The piece is pronounced a colossal joke, and is said to have produced as much mirth as any comedy ever written. "Joe's Girls," a new farce-comedy in one act, will be given as an afterpiece, the two plays constituting the evening's programme.

COMING ATTRACTIONS. The sale of seats opens this morning at the Los Angeles Theater for Steve Brodie's character melodrama of life in a big city, "On the Bowery," which begins its engagement on Thursday evening. The scenic embellishment of this piece is said to be unusually fine. The scene depicting the Brooklyn Bridge has never been excelled. One imagines that he sees across the entire length of the bridge, to the Brooklyn side. The perspective is wonderful, and reflects great credit on the artist, John H. Young, who painted this, as well as the Bowery scenes of the play. The interior and exterior of Brodie's saloon, Chatman Square, and the East River pier are realistic and effective. New comic specialties are the special feature for this season.

POLITICS IN CALIFORNIA.

Rapid Progress of Political Education.—The Work of the Press. (Cor. New York Evening Post, Sept. 12.)

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 5.—This year's campaign is remarkable everywhere, but here in Southern California its manifestations are worthy of some permanent record. A very acute observer, T. S. Van Dyke of this city, in a recent article in the Forum, upon the West and the silver craze, described the chief elements of danger in the situation. But since that article was written the kaleidoscope has been many times turned, bringing out new combinations. Los Angeles, sometimes the banner Republican county of California, is now the true battleground of the State.

That marvelous readjustment of political forces which is to some extent manifest all over California, is especially manifest in the intelligent communities south of the Tehachapi. All of them are evidently breaking down their traditions, and finding that new men must be reckoned with. These new men are as yet merely local leaders, but they are young, courageous, energetic, and in a very little while they will enter State and national politics. They have come forward because they are outgrown. A great number of the older politicians here, and indeed all over California, have been victims of the "deadly parallel."

They have spoken in public on too many

sides, with far too little sense of the value of conviction and knowledge. Men of more education are in demand this year.

In another way the struggle has profound significance to the political student. Here, even more than as yet in other parts of California, I observe that the very depths are stirred, as they have not been stirred since 1861. The personality of the candidates has become absolutely secondary in men's minds. The community has appealed to that underlying, neglected force which makes or breaks parties. Thus reserves are all in the field, and even non-combatants have taken sides. After all I have heard and seen, not among mere politicians, but from the workers and those who think and who love their country, I feel sure that the upas tree of Bryanism is dying at the roots. Thousands of voters who honestly wanted change, weary of the platitudes and blunders of the old parties, have turned to the latest hailed the new situation rejoicingly, are now silent, turning slowly as men turned in 1861 to recognize the one great issue, the nation's safety.

The greatest single force working for better government and higher ideal order in Southern California, is undoubtedly the Los Angeles Times. This is an old-school newspaper which is probably more loved and hated, more feared and respected, than almost any other journal in California. Consistently Republican in its political policy, it is independent in all other respects, and the utter fearlessness with which it fights and always has fought for good government is worthy of the highest praise. California has had only three or four such newspapers since 1849—one was the San Francisco Bulletin, when controlled by George K. Fitch; another was the old Sacramento Record-Union of a generation ago.

THE TIMES LEAFLET NO. 6.

(Cut this out and put it in your pocket for reference.)

The following financial calendar of the past quarter of a century shows that the leading nations of the world have done with silver during that period:

- 1871. Germany adopted a gold standard.
- 1872. Belgium suspended standard silver coinage.
- 1873. Holland suspended silver coinage.
- 1873. Denmark adopted a gold standard.
- 1873. Germany demonetized silver coin.
- 1873. Norway adopted a gold standard.
- 1873. Sweden adopted a gold standard.
- 1873. United States suspended free coinage of silver, and limited their silver coinage.
- 1875. Suspension of silver coinage in Italy.
- 1875. Switzerland declined to coin her quota of silver under Latin Union.
- 1875. Suspension of silver coinage on account of Dutch colonies.
- 1876. France suspended the coinage of silver.
- 1877. Finland adopted the gold standard.
- 1878. Spain suspended the free coinage of silver.
- 1878. Latin Union suspended coinage of silver except subsidiary coins.
- 1878. United States resumed coinage of the silver dollar, but on government account.
- 1879. Austria-Hungary suspended the free coinage of silver.
- 1880. Egypt adopted a gold standard.
- 1880. Rumania adopted the single gold standard.
- 1880. United States suspended coinage of silver dollars and began purchase of bullion.
- 1881. Gold standard adopted in Tunis.
- 1882. Austria-Hungary adopted the gold standard.
- 1883. Mints of India closed to the free coinage of silver.
- 1883. United States suspended purchase of silver bullion.
- 1885. Russia decided to coin 100,000,000 gold rubles.
- 1885. Chile adopted the gold standard.
- 1886. Costa Rica adopted the gold standard.
- 1878-1881-1882. Three international conferences held to try to reestablish the use of silver.
- 1882. The United States increased her full legal-tender silver fifty fold in the face of a 50-per-cent. fall in its value, until her credit and financial standing could endure the strain no longer, and she was obliged also, reluctantly, to suspend silver coinage.

What would happen if she were to resume and open wide the doors of the mints to the discarded silver of the world? It does not require much of a financier to answer that.

CAMPAIGN SHOTS.

The Bryan managers are being steadily compelled to move their trenches farther west.

(Albuquerque Citizen.) Bryan's speeches and silver decline together at a steady ratio.

(Chicago Inter Ocean.) Senator Hill seems to be suffering from a bad attack of aphonia. He lost his voice in Chicago.

The only change Bryan gives his speeches, says the Cleveland World, is to make them more like those of Aitgold and Tillman.

(Milwaukee Telegraph.) Yes, elect Bryan and see 16 to 1 sixteen assignments to one in these times.

(Philadelphia Press.) It is plain to be seen that Bryan is journeying toward a setting sun. It will not rise again, either.

Like Mahomet and the mountain, the masses would not go to Bryan so Bryan is forced to go to them.

(New York Commercial Advertiser.) Tom Watson, in the years to come, may be able to boast that he was a self-made candidate.

"Come walk into my conference," said Jones to Daisy Hill.

"I don't yet know where I am at, 'I don't yet know where I am at, 'I don't yet know where I am at."

(New York Tribune.)

GENEROUS BRITISHERS.

THEIR HEARTS BLEEDING FOR THE POOR ARMENIANS.

A Proposition to Collect Funds to Send the Refugees to England and to This Country.—The Daily News Rejoices Thereat.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) LONDON, Sept. 21.—(By Atlantic Cable.) Lady Henry Somerset writes from Marseilles an appeal to the Daily News to collect funds to send the refugee Armenians to America.

The Daily News this morning also prints an appeal from Miss Frances Willard to her sisters in America on the same subject, and in an editorial the same journal rejoices to be able to assist in such a project.

NUBER PASHA'S GENEROSITY. LONDON, Sept. 21.—The Daily News announces that Nuber Pasha, the well-known Egyptian statesman and formerly president of the Egyptian Council of Ministers, has donated \$400 to the Armenian relief fund.

STOPPED THE DEPORTATION. CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 20.—The Turkish authorities have put a stop to the deportation of Armenians, which has been going on since the recent fatal riots in Constantinople.

FRENCH FIGURING ON FIGHTING. PARIS, Sept. 20.—The Admiralty Office is making inquiries as to the time that would be occupied in fitting out the French fleet in the event of the menacing situation in Turkey.

ENGLISH PROTESTANTS. MANCHESTER (ENG.), September 20.—Eight hundred persons attended a meeting here today to protest against Turkish treatment of the Armenians. The Bishop of Manchester presided at the meeting.

MASSACRE AT RHIN. LONDON, Sept. 21.—A Constantinople dispatch to the Daily Standard says: "The United States legation has received news from one of its consuls in a serious manner at Ehin in the district of Harpoot."

MINING ENGINEERS.

Annual Meeting of the American Institute at Denver Today.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) DENVER (Colo.) Sept. 20.—About one hundred members of the American Institute of Mining Engineers arrived here today on a special train from the East to attend the seventy-first meeting of the institute, which will open in this city tomorrow and continue for eight days. This is the first meeting held in Colorado since the discovery of the Elbow Creek and the consequent revival of the gold-mining industry in this State.

The institute was organized at Wilkes-Barre, Pa., in 1820, and since that time has had an average of three meetings each year, always at some prominent mining center, or where technical operations and continuous mining are conducted. This is the third in this city, the first being in 1882, and the second in 1889. It is anticipated that this city tomorrow will have more than two hundred. The total membership of the institute is 2700, and it includes members from every State in the Union in which mining operations of any kind are conducted. The local Executive Committee has arranged a more than ordinary attractive programme, including visits to the smelters, to Fort Logan, where the institute will witness a dress parade of the militia, and to the mines of the Golden Gate, Cripple Creek, Florence, Pueblo and Colorado Springs and to Black Hawk.

Among the western delegates expected are the following: Arizona, D. R. Brown, Flagstaff; California, R. G. Brown, Eads and F. H. Hays, San Francisco; Montana, W. Goodale, Butte; Frank Klepetko, Great Falls; G. A. Packard, Butte; Oregon, Thomas Morcom, Woodley; G. Lavigne, Idaho and William A. Wilson, Salt Lake.

Taken from a Haymow. WEBSTER CITY (Iowa), Sept. 20.—Sheriff St. Clair, under a letter received from N. B. Newell, Sheriff of DeWitt county, Ill., arrested Mrs. Minnie Page, nee Williams, at the residence of Benjamin Williams, seven miles south-east of this city. She was taken from the haymow in the barn, where she had concealed herself, and was about 22 years of age. Her home is in Bloomington, Ill., and her husband is a resident of Webster City. The Sheriff will not make public the charge against the woman.

Prof. Moore's Tour. WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Prof. Moore, chief of the Weather Bureau, who has been secretary during the absence of Mr. Dabney, started West today on a tour of inspection of weather bureaus, and will deliver an address on the subject of "Windsystems and Torrid Frequency," before the convention of the American Underwriters' association of the Northwest, which meets at Chicago, September 29 and 30.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY.

A Daily Resume of Events for Your Scrap Book.

1585—John Jay, of the years named on the following important events in the world's history: HOLIDAYS.

1528—Charles V. of Spain.

1756—John Loudon Macadam, improver of roads.

1778—Louis Bonaparte, King of Holland.

1800—Sultan Selim I.

1840—Col. James Gardiner.

1859—Senator David C. Broderick of California.

1867—William Preston, author.

1867—William Master, statesman, of Tennessee.

1888—William Warren, actor.

1893—Lord Alfred Spencer.

1893—Thomas S. Collier, poet.

1893—Henry L. Smith, journalist, of Philadelphia.

1894—Mme. Fursch-Madl.

1894—Prof. William V. Rydberg, Swedish astronomer.

1897—Edward II. of England murdered at Balmoral Castle.

1878—"Great Schism in the West" in the Papacy.

1839—Danes took Albert of Sweden prisoner at Falkoping, Sweden.

1565—Massacre at Fort Caroline, Fla., by Menéndez.

1778—Battle of Fort Mifflin.

1778—Great fire in New York.

1778—Capture of Nathan Hale in New York City by the British.

1792—First sitting of the National Convention of France.

1840—Mexico, besieged by Gen. Taylor.

1864—Recapture of the two steamers seized by the rebels in Lake Erie.

1880—Pearl Roads in China, 80 per cent. of the population died in some places.

1880—Three heavy earthquakes shocks in California.

1887—Seven hundred houses demolished by fire in San Francisco.

1889—Heavy earthquake shock at Headburg, Cal.

1890—Seventeen persons killed in an election riot in the Portuguese city of Goa, India.

1891—The Cleveland House and ten stores burned at Sheffield, Ala.

1891—Seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars in bills stolen from the London and North Western Bank, London.

1892—Robbers wrecked a train on the Atchafalaya road in Kansas, and four were killed and twenty-five injured.

1894—Colonial Exhibition opened in Manchester, Eng.

1894—Cyrenus partly ruined Lacey, Minn.; seventy-five killed.

LOCAL NEWS



PASADENA.

CITIZENS EXERCISED OVER THE COLORADO-STREET PAVEMENT.

Property-owners have appointed a committee to ascertain the cost of the needed improvement. News Notes.

PASADENA, Sept. 20.—(Regular Correspondence.) At the meeting at the Wigwam Saturday evening, G. A. Gibbs said that a prominent resident on Colorado street had said to him a few days ago that should Bryan be elected times will be so good that East Colorado street can be paved with silver, and he had replied "that in case McKinley was elected they might pave that much-discussed thoroughfare with gold." At present, like that future abode unrecognized by the heterodox, East Colorado street, is paved merely with good intentions, and that is about all the pavement it is likely to have for a good long time to come. The property-owners met Friday night to consult, and they have appointed a committee to look up the cost of putting a layer of disintegrated granite on the street. It is thought that the property-owners will eventually decide to have the street repaved, and that the granite, wet and rolled, such a process would make a good road on East Colorado street, which in the winter season is a very rough of despond.

PASADENA BREVITIES. The Woodmen of the World entertained the members of the local camp and some of the members of the La Fiesta Camp of Los Angeles at their hall Friday evening. The hall was well filled and all present listened with the utmost interest to the address on woodcraft which was delivered by W. R. Ober of La Fiesta Camp, who has recently returned from the annual meeting of the head camp at Helena, Mont., as delegate from this district. Mr. Ober gave an interesting account of the work and benefits of the organization after he had concluded, there was a tug of war between picked teams from Pasadena Camp and La Fiesta Camp. The Pasadena team was defeated, after an exciting struggle, and accepted the offer of La Fiesta Camp to another trial of strength with them at their own camp in a near future.

Local insurance agents have been notified to advance their rates to the places they held before the rate war of a year ago, and in consequence the people who learned on Saturday of the order and who wanted to insure, made a run to the agents' offices. It is said that the rates will be advanced on Monday to their old figure.

William Forbes of Pasadena is the author of the song "Billy, the Wonderful Boy," which is being sung in this campaign, and T. Greenwaldy wrote the song sung by the Harmonia Quartette Saturday night to the tune of "Clementine," which describes in a humorous way the improvements effected by the Harmonia Quartette from start to finish. The public schools of Pasadena will open on Monday with the prospect of a larger enrollment than ever before enjoyed. During the summer season the buildings have been put in thorough repair, and the improvements have been made in the grounds and surroundings.

Many of the local business men displayed flags and lanterns in pictures of the candidates in their windows Saturday night and the street space in front of the Pasadena office of The Times was illuminated with Japanese lanterns.

Throp Institute will open on Wednesday, with a fair enrollment of pupils, both day and evening. The students from a distance who will attend the school this year is John Reed of Montana, who arrived last week. The Mexican celebration at Knights of Pythias Hall Saturday evening was a pleasant affair and a grand ball was enjoyed after the speeches and songs. Mr. and Mrs. William Mattoon and Fred Conant, returned on Saturday from a trip of nineteen days in the mountains adjacent to Switzerland.

Mr. H. L. Stuart and his sister, Miss Ball, fashionable dressers, have been carried by the American Club Saturday night.

Hawley, King & Co., carriages, harness and bicycles, corner Broadway and Fifth street, Los Angeles, Pasadena cars pass our corner.

Creditors' sale of the Gardner & Webster bankrupt stock will begin Thursday, the 24th inst. The entire stock will be sold regardless of cost. A rare chance to lay in your winter supply of dry goods, etc., at a nominal cost.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

Officials here say that no warrant has yet been sworn out by Charles F. Gates for the arrest of the men who assaulted him in this city on Admission day.

The protest against the commutation of the sentence of the Cummings brothers now has 251 signatures. It was forwarded to Governor Budd Saturday evening.

A son of Ed Miller had a watch stolen from his pocket while bathing Saturday.

LANCASTER, Sept. 20.—(Regular Correspondence.) The Lancaster McKinley Club, of which Prof. W. H. Holland is president and Judge C. A. Richey is secretary, had a rally in the Town Hall Saturday evening. It was also the occasion of the ratification of the nominations of members of the club for the coming year. The residents men and women and children, gathered into the commodious hall which was nicely decorated and draped and listened to a discourse of welcome by the speaker for nearly three hours. Luther G. Brown of Los Angeles, chairman of the Congress Committee, held the rapid and concise discourse for two hours without one leaving. He spoke clearly, logically, forcibly and effectively. He is a vote-getter. He convinced his hearers thoroughly of the justice and wisdom of voting for the policy of protection and sound money. His characterization of the McKinley administration as persons who feel slighted because the Creator did not consult them at the creation of the world was enjoyed by all. He also spoke effectively on the issues of the day. Free trade and free silver of Democracy, he thought, were the two great evils of the world. The very foundation of the government is attacked by Bryan and his party in aiming at the Supreme Court and the denunciation of the President performing his sworn duty in preserving peace even though anarchy might be the result. Mr. Brown's address was well received and in many of the school districts of the northern part of the county. Capt. C. S. Beath of West Point, Cal., presided at the meeting. The speaker, Mr. Brown, was warmly welcomed by the members of the club. He was followed by W. S. Melick to the Legislature because he is a capable, honest, practical man who had done much for his country and his people. Campaign music for the occasion was furnished by Mr. W. H. Holland, Mrs. F. B. Richey, and Miss Edith Keeler. The free-trade, free-silver hits of the songs were much enjoyed.

VENTURA COUNTY.

COL. DE LEUR ADDRESSES AN ENTHUSIASTIC AUDIENCE.

Meeting at Springville.—The Political Outlook—Prospects for a Sugar Factory—Large Yield of Beets per Acre—The Harvesting of Sugarbeet Matter.

HUENEME, Sept. 18.—(Regular Correspondence.) By invitation of the McKinley Club of Hueneeme, Col. de Leur came from Los Angeles, arriving here today (Saturday), and addressed a large and appreciative audience in the hall of the hotel. The speaker was warmly welcomed by the McKinley Club, which was organized by E. O. Gerberding, president of the McKinley Club, who introduced Hon. T. H. Merry as chairman of the meeting. After a catchy campaign song by the Glee Club, Col. de Leur was introduced and delivered a long and interesting address. He spoke in this place. His style of speech is so different from that of the usual run of campaign speakers that he was listened to throughout with great interest and attention. On Monday night the club goes to Springville, accompanied by Col. de Leur, the Hueneeme Brass Band and the Glee Club. The meeting has been well attended, and a big crowd is expected to attend. In the Springville section there are said to be a good many Bryanites, but the McKinley Club believes the proposed meeting with so convincing a speaker as Col. de Leur to address it, will result in many conversions to patriotism, protection and prosperity.

In this precinct of Hueneeme the McKinley Club has been very active and has rolled a large majority of the voters. It is estimated by those well posted in local politics that the precinct will give Maj. McKinley 150 of its 220 voters. This is not a bad record for a place never before given any candidate for Governor or President. The precinct of San Pedro, which adjoins this, is also expected to roll up a good Republican majority, though formerly Democratic. Since the recent visit of Daus Spreckels all of our farmers are enthusiastic in the prospects of a sugar factory. It is expected that the factory will be located close to town and that work will begin within a few months. The trial of sugar beets was first suggested and urged by our local Hueneeme paper, the Hueneeme Herald, and the result has been a most successful one. The product is now being shipped to China, and the yield per acre and the sugar-beet have exceeded all expectations. The yield runs from fifteen to thirty tons per acre and the beets test from 16 to 23 per cent of sugar.

Hunting for the Gold.

(Indianapolis Journal.) "Say, old man," said the officer, "you have been hanging round here on this corner grinning long enough. What are you trying to do—make a mash?" "Mash nothing," replied the honest old fellow, "I've got into a political argument with some smart young fellow here on the corner more'n a hour ago, and he bet me a hundred dollars that I couldn't find a hundred-dollar greenback. He's rushin' around 'till he finds it, and he's got it."

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

E. J. Davis called the Democratic convention to order. M. R. Plaiside was made temporary chairman, and in taking the chair, he reviewed the campaign and the issues presented in the appropriate address. James Patterson and F. A. Armstrong were elected temporary secretaries. After the appointment of committees, the convention adjourned until 2:30 o'clock. On reconvening, the temporary officers were made permanent when the convention endorsed the silver nominee for the Assembly, and J. H. Roe for Supervisor.

The following men were made delegates to the Senatorial convention: Thomas Scully, P. A. Bennett, B. W. Russell, John W. Roberts, Ed Lacy,

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

CAREFUL ESTIMATE OF THE VOTE IN TWENTY TOWNS.

Thorough canvass along the kite-shaped track—Greatest Meeting of the Campaign—Fine Street Parade and a Stirring Address.

SAN BERNARDINO, Sept. 20.—(Regular Correspondence.) C. S. Lemon, a conductor on the Southern California Railroad, during the past month has been quietly at work securing estimates of the comparative strength of McKinley and Bryan in the towns along the kite-shaped track. Being a Republican, and a shrewd and experienced calculator, he has been very careful to give the silver forces the benefit of every doubt, and his figures, which are based on figures obtained from supporters of Bryan. He has compiled the following table:

McKinley, Bryan.	
Elizaville	10
Rochester	10
Cucamonga	10
Ontario	10
Pomona	10
San Dimas	10
Glendora	10
Azusa	10
Monrovia	10
San Anita	10
Sananda Park	10
Redondo	10
East Highland	10
Highland	10
Montone	10
Redlands	10
Riverside	10
South Riverside	10
Total	200

According to these figures, in twenty towns McKinley will have a majority of 212, but there is every reason to believe that these figures are too conservative. Since they were compiled the Republican primaries at Redlands drew out 534 votes, indicating a strength of fully 600, with only 200 for McKinley. In Riverside, too, the estimate of the McKinley strength is too low by almost, if not quite, 200, which would make the total for McKinley 412. It is probably well that Mr. Lemon has given the Bryanites all that they claim, but it will undoubtedly be found that the Republican majority in the towns named will really be nearer 2000 than 212.

A MAGNIFICENT MEETING.

As predicted in this correspondence, the Republican demonstration Saturday evening far exceeded any previous effort of any party during this campaign. The crowds upon the streets, the readiness with which the speakers were received, the immense crowd at the Pavilion, and the unrestrained enthusiasm everywhere told a story of a meeting never before witnessed in this section, and it is to all who realize the importance of the impending issues.

The procession was formed as follows: Battalion of police officers; San Bernardino City Band; McKinley Club of San Bernardino; Riverside Band; Pomona Band; San Dimas Band; Glendora Band; Azusa Band; Monrovia Band; San Anita Band; Sananda Park Band; Redondo Band; East Highland Band; Highland Band; Montone Band; Redlands Band; Riverside Band; South Riverside Band. The procession was one of the finest ever seen in the city, and the uniformed clubs from Riverside made a very impressive appearance. As the Pavilion more than five thousand people had gathered, filling that great building in galleries and on the floor. Chairman C. C. Haskell called the meeting to order and was greeted with prolonged cheering. He introduced Col. W. A. Vestal as chairman and Secretary Gilbert read a long list of names of vice-presidents, who took places on the platform. The Colton Club opened the program with several campaign songs, excellently rendered, after which Maj. C. W. Kyle, who is chairman of the county, took the place of the speaker and delivered a long and interesting address. He spoke in a clear, logical and forcible manner, and his address was listened to with great interest and attention. He spoke in a clear, logical and forcible manner, and his address was listened to with great interest and attention. He spoke in a clear, logical and forcible manner, and his address was listened to with great interest and attention.

THE NOMINEES.

There was a bad taste in the mouths of the Democrats throughout the county this morning as they reflected upon the work of the twin conventions, for it would be difficult to conceive of the people of this county electing a Republican nominee for Governor or President. The spirit of partisanship, but as recording a plain fact.

SAN DIEGO.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 20.—(Regular Correspondence.) The yacht San Diego is being overhauled on the marine ways, Judge Irving B. Dudley and Judge Burdick addressed an enthusiastic Republican meeting at Dehesa on Saturday night.

SHIP CITY OF BENARES CALLED FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The meetings of the McKinley Club have been so largely attended that a hall to accommodate about two thousand people has been secured. There will be a rousing meeting on Monday night.

A letter received here from Illinois gives the opinion of Controller Eckels that Illinois will give McKinley the largest Republican majority in the history of that State.

ORANGE COUNTY.

THE SILVERITES HAVE AN INNING IN SANTA ANA.

Young Mr. Stowell Addresses the Audience—Ridicules and Burlesques—The Silverites Argue. News Notes and Personal.

SANTA ANA, Sept. 20.—(Regular Correspondence.) The silverites had their inning in Santa Ana Saturday evening. Spurgeon's Hall was well filled with ladies and gentlemen from this city, Orange and Tustin to hear a speech from C. S. Stowell from Orange, who at the present time is enjoying some little local distinction as the poet workman. Mr. Stowell had been well advertised for the evening, and many, no doubt, turned out as much through curiosity as from any other cause to hear what the gentleman would have to say. The audience was disappointed. In the very beginning Mr. Stowell plainly indicated that his remarks were to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter, so the correspondence is informed, a few short months, yet he takes the effort to be characterized by abuse, and more or less vituperation with reference to the Republican party, and he followed out the indications made in the beginning of his remarks. He produced an argument, but consumed the evening in a labored attempt to array the classes against the masses. To believe what he said, and follow out his teachings, would be to plunge the country into a bloody struggle, the dire results of which can now only be imagined. Mr. Stowell is a foreigner, and has only been a registered voter,



CITY BRIEFS.

Mother's. There is nothing so important as the intelligent study for the development of your children. A class for mothers or those interested in this branch of education will begin Wednesday, September 23, at 4 p.m. Froebel Institute, (Casa de Rosas) cor. Adams and Hoover streets. Send for circular.

The leading millinery event of the season will be the grand opening of Miss E. C. Collins, No. 209 South Broadway (Y.M.C.A. building) Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday next. All are cordially invited.

Mrs. J. M. Erdman will have her fall opening on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 21, 22 and 23, at No. 223 South Spring street. Ladies cordially invited to attend.

Public notice, packing, moving, storing and shipping of goods and house furniture is all done by the Van and Storage Company, office in the big Van, No. 140 South Broadway. Tel. 11-0. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday next. All are cordially invited to attend.

College Training School for Nurses. Applicants may meet committee at Room 206 Wilcox Building, Wednesday, September 23, from 4 to 5:30.

See Stoll & Thayer's company's school book ad on page 7.

A large catch of fish was made at Redondo yesterday. Hundreds of big ones were hauled from the water.

Dr. Brunson of Redondo was seriously injured Saturday afternoon by falling from a horse. He struck on the back of his head, and was picked up bleeding at the ear.

On the way home from Catalina yesterday, a straw vote was taken on the steamer by the Jonathan Club and Native Sons, the result being: McKinley, 15; Bryan, 11; Palmer, 1.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for: Fred A. Stephens, Miss Leo Franklin, Prof. Charles S. Stoughton, O. T. Palmer and Kenneth Quigley.

A marked period in the history of the Young Men's Christian Association will be the reopening of the Club, Tuesday, as that the public may see the extensive improvements which have been made. A reception by the Ladies' Auxiliary and the Forward Movement Club will be given, and a cordial invitation is extended to all friends of the association to attend.

PERSONALS.

M. Jacobs of Phoenix is at the Nadeau.

O. J. Howell is at the Nadeau from Salinas.

H. A. Tubbs of San Francisco is a guest of the Hollenbeck.

W. D. Gassand of San José is registered at the Nadeau.

A. T. Hodge and wife of Chicago are staying at the Westminster.

E. E. Clark of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, is staying at the Nadeau.

Frank Hoogner and wife of Laurel, Neb., are at the Natick.

Joseph F. Myrick of San Francisco is registered at the Westminster.

Almer Johnson and wife of San Francisco are guests of the Nadeau.

L. W. Ball of Yuma is in the city and is staying at the Nadeau.

M. J. Downs and family of Memphis, Tenn., have rooms at the Nadeau.

X. Blackstock and P. E. Barnard are registered at the Hollenbeck, from Ventura.

James D. de Wolfe, press agent of Farnpaugh and Solis Bros., big show, is in the city.

Mrs. L. H. Wicker, Miss Wicker and Charles Hastings of Chicago are staying at the Westminster.

Mrs. N. R. Vall and Miss Vall have returned from the coast and are registered at the Hollenbeck.

Miss Jack of San Luis Obispo arrived in the city yesterday, by the Santa Rosa, en route for the City of Mexico.

R. H. Stoll of Bloomfield, N. Y., is at the Natick.

A. B. Lauder, Pullman, Wash.; T. A. Cole, New York; Florence Van Rueren, San Francisco; Mrs. H. N. Smith, Phoenix; E. E. Marshall and wife, San Francisco, are registered at the Natick House.

Jack Sanford, representing August Pitou's great production of "Madame Sans Gene," in which Kathryn Kidder has been meeting with such stupendous success in San Francisco, is in town preparing for the advent of his production at the Los Angeles Theater on September 27.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott J. Anthony of Denver went to Colorado Saturday afternoon. Mr. Anthony is a prominent Mason and a wealthy man. With his wife he has been traveling for the past three years, and has made a remarkable record, for they have visited every country in either hemisphere.

DRANK PURE ALCOHOL.

It Proved too Much for W. B. Griffith.

William B. Griffith died yesterday afternoon at the home of his mother, Mrs. Angie Griffith, No. 222 North Broadway. He was seized with spasms shortly before 4 o'clock, and a doctor was summoned, but before he arrived the man was dead.

The body was taken to Kregelo & Brescoe's, where a post-mortem examination was made. The coroner held an inquest and found that death resulted from alcoholic poisoning.

The dead man's wife secured a divorce from him some time ago, and he drank heavily afterward. Finally he took to drinking pure alcohol, and the post-mortem showed that the tissues of his stomach had been completely eaten away by the fiery fluid. A pint bottle of alcohol found at his bedside was almost empty. Griffith was a member of the Knights of Pythias. He was about 36 years of age and was born in Vicksburg, Miss.

He was formerly employed as salesman in a local dry goods store, but about a year ago, he lost his left hand by an accident, while shooting. He was a familiar figure on the streets.

(St. Paul Pioneer Press.) Bryan's labored effort, in his letter of acceptance, to talk all around the anarchist plank of the Chicago platform without saying anything—at least anything that could offend—C. A. Bland—reminds one of some verses once read at Senator Douglas' apartment one of his speeches on the "Nebraska Bill":

He wires in and wires out, And leaves the people still in doubt Whether the snake that he had tracked Is going south or coming back.

COUPON.

When accompanied by 25¢ THIS COUPON entitles the holder to one copy of the LIFE OF MCKINLEY and ROOSEVELT by Bronislaw Andrew, a work of nearly 400 pages, handsomely illustrated. Address

THE TIMES, Los Angeles, Cal.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Oil Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

OIL DEVELOPMENT.

DRILLERS ARE GOING DEEPER AT THE EAST END.

The Dryden Well Produced Three Thousand Barrels in Two Months—The West End Development—West End Comment and Drilling Notes.

The oil field has experienced but little change during the past week. Moderate developments are still in progress, but with the completion of the new wells now being drilled a full promise to fall upon the local field.

Out at the east end of the district developments are still being prosecuted by Maler & Zobelien, and the Rummel Oil Company has invaded the new territory. The outlook is not as bright as it was a few weeks ago, yet there is much hope behind all of the discouragements.

The west end of the field is producing a great deal of oil, and it is said the Crosswell is one of the best producers in the district, and promises to yield its owner a nice little fortune.

The Traction Electric Railway Company is reported to be a part owner in this valuable property.

Development has not extended beyond the small cañon at the west end, but oil exploiters believe the western limits have been reached, and predict a forest of derricks in the open field on the hillside adjacent, and maybe extending westward to the mountains.

The Dryden well, south of Court and east of Patton street, continues to produce a heavy product. This well was drilled nearly a year ago, and the cost has been but little to keep it in repair. Since July 12, over 3000 barrels of oil have been sold from this "dry hole" drill hole, and a measure made last Saturday showed nearly 200 barrels still in the tank. Dryden is one of the few lucky men in the field.

The North wells on Temple street, near Victor, are still among the fair producers of the district. But the owner is disheartened over the results of drilling but a few feet further east. The work developed a "dry hole" at Mr. North says it cost him \$3000 to ascertain the limitations of oil stratum at that point. And he was not the only loser; the drillers have carried \$1000 to their profit and loss account as the result of a "sure thing" that failed to materialize.

VENTURA'S BIG WELL.

Good reports continue to come from the Ventura oil fields, and the cost of drilling is so expensive there that men of moderate means cannot engage in the industry. It costs from \$5000 to \$10,000 to develop a well in Ventura, with the ever attendant uncertainty of tapping the stratum after reaching a depth of 1000 feet. The wells are more numerous here, and when a man develops a good one a fortune lies under the derrick floor.

One well in the Ventura field has produced 1,000,000 barrels since being opened, and is said to be pumping 100 barrels per day at the present time. This oil is of light gravity, and is reduced at the refinery. The oil there is of an asphaltum base, the same as here, but light oil is reached in the lower sand. The heavy upper oil is cased off, the light is pumped from the lower sand, and the product finds a ready sale at the refineries.

No changes have taken place in the management or condition of the Los Angeles Oil Exchange. A quorum was present at the last called session. The exchange continues to exist, but not as the hitherto aggressive body.

DRILLING NOTES.

Drilling operations are progressing satisfactorily at the site of the new oil well on Union avenue south of First street. The drill has reached a depth of 680 feet.

The derrick has been erected and machinery put in place at the new Hammond well near the above property. The drill will be started today.

Oil sand has been uncovered at Hedley's well No. 2. The drill is working in a hole full of oil at a depth of 800 feet. The pump will be put in this week.

The Rex Oil Company has reached a depth of 1000 feet in well No. 11. There is a good showing of oil and the well will be bared this week. The company is putting in machinery at site for well No. 12. All of these new wells are situated south of First street and west of Belmont avenue.

Well No. 4 of the Los Angeles Consolidated Electric railway company has reached a depth of 1000 feet. It is claimed the drill is 140 feet in sand at this level. The well will be bared this week.

Fletcher & Dagget are having their new well drilled deeper. The pump was put in last week, but the product was not satisfactory. This property is situated at the southwest corner of Lake shore and Rockwood avenues.

The drillers have reached a depth of 800 feet in the new Libby well, north of West State street and west of Lake shore avenue.

A depth of 775 feet has been drilled in the Wylie well. This property is about one hundred feet east of Patton street, and the same distance south of Court street.

Davis & Home have erected a new standard rig at the rear end of Home's lot at the southeast corner of Court and Douglas streets, and will begin drilling operations the first of this week. The well at the front of the lot is a good producer.

The Alderson well, west of Douglas and south of Court street, will be bared this week.

The drillers are still at work upon the new Eureka well, south of Court street, and east of its junction with Edgeware road.

Hoffman & Weller have reached a depth of 500 feet in a new well on the east side of North Figueroa street, south of Temple.

The Stewart well, near the Bosley pumping plant, has not yet reached the tubing stage. Delays have been caused by tardy receipts of casing.

The drillers are still at work upon the Maler & Zobelien well, out on Adobe street, near the brickyard. A depth of 540 feet has been reached, and the drill is still at work in hard, fine sand, bearing but little oil. The workmen are daily expecting to reach a coarse sand, and a fair showing of oil. The drill will be sent on down until more

oil is uncovered or developments are suspended on account of water.

The Rummel Oil Company is reported to have begun the erection of a derrick about two blocks west of the Maler & Zobelien well, the property referred to above. This company has several comparatively new wells in the old field, and intends pushing developments in the new territory.

Stands for Sound Money.

(Santa Barbara Press.) The sentiment in favor of McKinley and sound money is growing stronger every day here. Santa Barbara, and among those whose work is having a telling effect may be mentioned the gentlemen, who though Democrats all their lives, have come to the conclusion that they cannot endorse the principles that are laid down in the Chicago platform, and so will give all their support to McKinley.

J. W. Cooper, one of our best-known citizens and one of the staunchest of sound-money men, yesterday, in conversation with a Press man, expressed himself as much pleased over the present outlook for McKinley, and was confident that the man will be elected who stands for the broad principle of sound-money and an honest dollar.

RELIGIOUS NOTES.

There are now, according to the Year-Book for 1896, forty-two women regularly in the Congregational ministry, thirty-one of whom have been ordained; eleven are licentiates.

One of the most eccentric church spires is that of the parish church of Chesterfield, Eng., with its curious spire 228 feet high, and sixty-four feet off the perpendicular. Whichever way the observer looks at this curious spire it appears to bulge out in that direction.

The annual statistics of the Northern and Southern Presbyterian churches have just been published. The net increase in membership in the former is at the rate of 2.36 per cent. on last year's record. There were added 64,338 members on examination, and 38,428 by certificate, making the total addition 102,815. The net gain was 21,812. Notwithstanding the depression of the times, the total contributions for all purposes shows a substantial increase, although the receipts of some of the benevolent causes are less than for the previous year. In the Southern church membership the net gain was over 3 per cent.

At a meeting held in Vienna recently, consisting of members of the various religious bodies specified, the following resolution was unanimously adopted: "The members of the Protestant, the Anglican, the Anglican and the Catholic churches, at their meeting today, protest against the arrogances of the Pope, who has attempted, in his last encyclical, to arrogate to himself the principle of freedom of the church, and Roman Catholic faith, the only faith which affords salvation; and express their conviction that not the slavish subjection demanded by Rome to papal infallibility and power, but agreement in the spirit of evangelical freedom and brotherly love, will lead to the union of all Christian churches, longed for by all noble minds."

(Cleveland Leader.) "Ride a bicycle?" exclaimed the newly-hatched Populist. "Indeed, I do not. I should consider it treason to my party."

"Why so?" asked the scorcher in surprise.

"Why, I read the other day of a fellow who was thrown from his bicycle and got lockjaw in consequence. Think what that would mean to a Populist."

(New York Advertiser.) Freddy. What is a "pull," papa?

Papa. A "pull," my son, is a cast-iron grip on the public's purse.

DEATH RECORD.

GRIFITH.—In this city, September 20, 1896; W. B. Griffith, aged 36 years, 4 months, 5 days.

The funeral of William B. Griffith, who died on Sunday, Sept. 20, will take place on Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 22, at the parlors of Kregelo & Brescoe, 6th and Broadway, at 2 o'clock.

Advertised Yesterday

For today and tomorrow's sale. Fancy Dress Goods at 50c; Plain Dress Goods at 30c; Novelty Dress Goods at 50c; Worsteds at 75c; Towels at 25c; Towels at 40c; White Shirts at 30c; Colored Shirts at 40c; All-wool Elderdowns at 25c; Outing Flannels at 40c; and Blankets 50c a pair up. Car fare free. We're getting there.

N. STRAUSS & CO., The New Dry Goods Store, 425-427 S. Spring St., Between 4th and 5th Sts.

Let 'Em Match It If They Can

Untrimmed Felt Hats, in the Newest, Nattiest Turban and Dress Shapes. All the New Colors. Go to every Millinery and dry goods store in the city and see if you can find as good at 75c. Special sale today at

48c.

Let 'em match it if they can.

MARVEL Cut Rate MILLINERY CO., 241-243 S. Broadway, Double Store.

The Surprise Millinery, Wholesale and Retail, 242 South Spring St.

Spot

Cash is father of low prices. You can find the child at Cline Bros., cash grocers, 142-144 North Spring.

The Paris Millinery Parlors

Now ready for business with an entire new stock of the finest and latest style of fall and winter millinery. Prices low.

Fine stylishly Trimmed Turbans \$2.50

Silk Velvet-made Hats, \$3.00

Untrimmed Dress Shapes, fine felt in latest block 45c

Fine Wool Hats, colors and black 39c

3 fine, large Ostrich Tips and half feathers 38c

Please to have you call. Am showing fine line pattern hats. See window. Remember, no old goods, an entire new stock.

Mrs. F. W. Thurston 357 S. Spring St. Corner Fourth.

Turban Hats

Trimmed and untrimmed—as advertised in yesterday's paper. See displayed and priced at CUT RATES in our south window.

H. Hoffman

Popular Price Millinery, 240 South Spring St.

RIPANS TABLETS

Because he had palpitation of the heart, Mr. A. J. Allen determined to quit smoking. He thought the tobacco habit was the cause of his trouble, but when he ceased smoking the pulsations of the heart were more violent than ever. Mr. Allen is a registered chemist of Lynn, Mass., and second thought he concluded that, if tobacco wasn't the cause, it must be acute dyspepsia. His knowledge of chemistry naturally prompted him to take Ripans Tablets, well knowing their efficacy in disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. Quick relief followed, and now there is no more distress in the region of his heart. But the remarkable part of Mr. Allen's experience follows: He decided to forego smoking anyhow, and discovered that Ripans Tablets not only satisfied the longing for tobacco, which all smokers are familiar with, but at first he actually looked forward with pleasure to the three periods each day when he took the Tablets. Mr. Allen no longer smokes, and has no desire to, nor does he take the Tablets. He is a well man, and does not need medicine of any kind. Mr. Allen believes Ripans Tablets will prove a powerful aid to any man who desires to abandon the tobacco habit.

Ripans Tablets are sold by druggists or by mail if the price (50c a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce St., New York. Sample vial, 10c.

Advertised Yesterday

For today and tomorrow's sale. Fancy Dress Goods at 50c; Plain Dress Goods at 30c; Novelty Dress Goods at 50c; Worsteds at 75c; Towels at 25c; Towels at 40c; White Shirts at 30c; Colored Shirts at 40c; All-wool Elderdowns at 25c; Outing Flannels at 40c; and Blankets 50c a pair up. Car fare free. We're getting there.

N. STRAUSS & CO., The New Dry Goods Store, 425-427 S. Spring St., Between 4th and 5th Sts.

Let 'Em Match It If They Can

Untrimmed Felt Hats, in the Newest, Nattiest Turban and Dress Shapes. All the New Colors. Go to every Millinery and dry goods store in the city and see if you can find as good at 75c. Special sale today at

48c.

Let 'em match it if they can.

MARVEL Cut Rate MILLINERY CO., 241-243 S. Broadway, Double Store.

The Surprise Millinery, Wholesale and Retail, 242 South Spring St.

Spot

Cash is father of low prices. You can find the child at Cline Bros., cash grocers, 142-144 North Spring.

A GUESSING MATCH.

The Presidential Election --- Who Will Win?

The Nation, the State, the Congress District—Who Will Carry Which, and By How Much?—And How Many Votes Will the Woman-Suffrage Amendment Receive in the State?

THE TIMES Inaugurates a Guessing Contest—Everybody Invited—No Restrictions on Account of Age, Sex or Politics. Make as Many Guesses as You Please.

THE PRIZES.

1. For the closest guess as to who will receive the plurality of the popular vote for President of the United States, The Times will give the Shaw Piano described below, valued at \$600.
2. For the closest guess as to the electoral majority for President, The Times will give a Lady's Gold Watch, valued at \$35.00.
3. For the closest guess as to the plurality of the popular vote for President in California, The Times will give lot No. 20, Block K, in the Menlo Park Tract, described below, valued at \$350.
4. For the closest guess as to the majority for Congressman in the Sixth California District, The Times will give the choice of either a Keating or a Victor Bicycle, model of 1896, as described below, valued at \$100.
5. For the closest guess as to the total number of votes cast in favor of the sixth or Woman's Suffrage Amendment to the Constitution of California, The Times will give a White Sewing Machine, as described below, valued at \$65.00.

RECORD OF GUESSES.

Guesses will be numbered and filed as soon as received. If two or more persons make the same guess, the prize will be awarded to the person who made his or her guess first, as shown by the number. No guesses will be received later than 12 o'clock noon, November 2, 1896.

Matchless Shaw Piano—Worth \$600 in Cash.



Length, 5 feet 5 inches; depth, 2 feet 4 1/2 inches; height, 4 feet 8 inches. Case and back, solid white ash, doubly veneered throughout; Wessell, Nickel & Gross double repeating full brass flange action; sostenuto pedal; continuous hinges on fall and top; double fall-board; Cooper bass strings; swing desk; engraved or sawed panels; hand-carved trusses and pilasters; heavy paneled sides; hand-carved moulding encircling case; finished in ebony, satin wood, mahogany, French walnut, English oak and white mahogany.

SOLD BY Southern California Music Co., 216-218 West Third Street, Bradbury Building.

Lot 20, Block K, Menlo Park Tract.

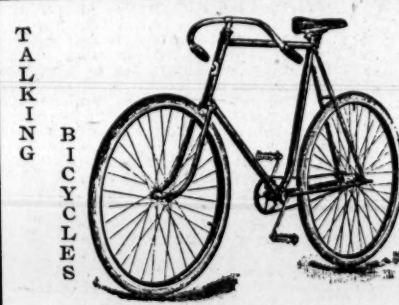
This lot 40 by 150 feet in size, is in Easton, Eldridge & Co's. beautiful Menlo Park tract. It fronts on Twenty-second street and is midway between Menlo and Griffith avenues. The net cash price of this lot was \$350. Menlo Park is ten minutes' ride from the corner of Second and Spring streets by Central avenue or Maple avenue electric cars, in the direct line of the city's growth south and east. It is fine residence property. Street work, including grading, graveling, cement curbs and sidewalks, has already been, or will be completed on every street in the tract without expense to the purchasers. Beautiful shade trees, city water, building restrictions in every deed guaranteeing high-class improvements are among the inducements to purchasers. For map or any other information concerning the lot offered as a prize, inquire at the office of

EASTON, ELDRIDGE & CO.,

121 South Broadway.

Or at the Adams Street office on the tract.

Keating and Victor Bicycles—None Better.



FOR RELIABILITY FOR RECREATION HAVE THE BEST! VICTOR BICYCLE

The Victor Bicycle is not a mongrel; it is a thoroughbred. Its pedigree is known and registered. From rims to post, from cranks to bar, from balls to grips, the Victor is made in ONE FACTORY.

HAWLEY, KING & CO., Southern California Agents.

Agents at Pasadena—E. R. Braley & Co.

Solid Gold Watch.

LISSNER & CO.



M. LISSNER & CO., gold and silversmiths, South Spring St., Los Angeles, and Broadway and 33d St., Oakland.

The watch is hand-somely engraved, and contains a fine movement of the celebrated Waltham Watch Co's manufacture. Messrs. Lissner & Co. guarantee it to be an accurate and reliable timepiece in every respect.

This prize may be seen at Lissner's elegant Los Angeles establishment.

235 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

Drop-head Cabinet Sewing Machine.



The New "Eldridge B" elaborated, ornate Sewing Machine; nickel-plated face-plate and fly-wheel; self-threading shuttle, tension releaser; automatic bobbin winder, self-setting needle, fancy foot attachments; warranted for ten years; with bent wood work, oak finish. Agents' price \$75.00, but sold by the

Los Angeles Sewing Machine Co., 239 S. Spring Street, (who sell all makes) for \$20.00 to \$85.00 on the "no-agent" plan.

GUESSING COUPON.

Carefully fill out the coupons (five in a bunch) and mail them to the Times Prize Department. Guess on one or all, my guess is that—

1. The popular plurality of..... for President of the United States will be.....
2. The electoral majority of..... for President of the United States will be.....
3. The popular plurality of..... in California will be.....
4. The majority for..... for Congress in the Sixth California District will be.....
5. The aggregate vote for the Woman Suffrage Amendment to the State Constitution will be.....

Name..... Address..... Sign your name and address plainly, or you will be the loser.) Particular Notice.—On No. 2 (the electoral majority) but one guess will be allowed to any one person.